

ACHARYA PATASHALA COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

N R Colony, Bangalore-560019

Affiliated to Bangalore City University

NAAC Re-accredited 'B' Grade

www.apscommercecollege.ac.in

SOLVED QUESTION PAPER

CULTURE, DIVERSITY & SOCIETY

December 2016

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Part-A

Answer all the questions. Each question carries one mark

1. Which is the largest circulating Kannada newspaper in Karnataka?
a) Prajavani b) Viayavani c) Kannada Prabha d) Vijaya Karnataka

Answer: Vijaya Karnataka

2. Radio, cinema, television comes under _____ media
a) Educational Media c) Social Media
b) Electronic Media d) Print Media

Answer: b) Electronic Media

3. Kailash Satyarathi who was awarded Nobel Peace Prize in 2014 for fight against child labour is originally from the state of
a) Uttar Pradesh c) Rajasthan
b) Himachal Pradesh d) Madhya Pradesh

Answer: d) Madhya Pradesh

4. Television era started in India
a) 1990 b) 1980 c) 1970 d) 1960

Answer: d) 1960

5. Fundamentalism is an extreme form of
a) Naxalism b) Linguism c) Terrorism d) Secularism

Answer: d) Secularism

6. In Regionalism, Khalisthan Movement started in which State?
a) Jammu and Kashmir c) Rajasthan
b) Punjab d) Uttar Pradesh

Answer: b) Punjab

7. KFC is the best example for McDonalidization, which means,
a) King Fisher Company c) Karnataka Fisheries Corporation
b) Kentucky Fried Chicken d) Korean Fast Chicken

Answer: b) Kentucky Fried Chicken

8. Which is not one among the media ethics?
a) No vulgarity c) Right to Privacy
b) No Communal writing d) Provoking Violence

Answer: d) Provoking Violence

9. The Jio 4G introduced by

- a) Aihole b) Belur c) Tanjavur d) Srirangam

Answer: a) Aihole

22. Rihnoceros are considered endangered animal, found in _____

- a) Kerala b) Karnataka c) Himachal Pradesh d) Assam

Answer: d) Assam

23. How many languages are listed in 2001 Census?

- a) 222 b) 122 c) 133 d) 333

Answer: b) 122

24. Gir Lions Sanctuary are located in which state?

- a) Gujrath b) Rajasthan c) Madhya Pradesh d) Karnataka

Answer: a) Gujrath

25. If Hindus go to temple, Sikh go to

- a) Mosque b) Church c) Gompa d) Gurudwara

Answer: d) Gurudwara

26. Facilities for health care and education in rural sector are

- a) Good b) Poor c) very good d) None of these

Answer: b) Poor

27. The dual responsibilities of employed women are

- a) Job and child c) job and sports
b) Job and family d) none of these

Answer; d) None of these

28. Reservation were provided to SC and ST in Indian Constitution to create opportunities for them to give

- a) Inequality b) Dominance c) Equality d) None of these

Answer: c) Equality

29. The report of Mandal Commission was implemented in 1990 during the Prime Ministership of

- a) V P Singh b) Charan Singh c) Deve Gowda d) Chandrasekhar

Answer: a) V P Singh

30. In Karnataka Telugu speaking people are referred to as linguistic

- a) Intellectuals b) majority c) Rich d) Minority

31. Agro sector is another area in Indian subcontinent where women employees are

- a) Organised b) unorganised c) displaced d) integrated

Answer: a)organised

32. Who among the following excelled in science and technology?

- a) Maneka Gandhi c) kiranMazumdarshaw
b) b) Kiran Bedi d) Sania Mirza

Answer: c) Kiran Mazumdar Shaw

33. As per 2011 census of India rural population of India is around

- a) 80% b) 70% c) 85% d) 60%

Answer: b) 70%

34. Women employees are not preferred by corporates mainly due to

PART-B

Answer all the questions. Each question carries two marks. (2X15=30)

41. Western Ghats are known as in _____ Karnataka
a) Manasa b) Vanashri c) Vrukshasri d) Sahydari

Answer: d

42. Consider the following statements

- i) Total geographical area of India is 32,87,263 Sq.Km with 1.24 million Population
ii) Total Geographical area of India is 42,87,263 Sq.Km with 1.24 million Population

Correct Statement is

- a) Both i and ii b) ii Only c) i only d) none of these

Answer: c

43. Match the following and mark the correct set:

- | | |
|------------|------------------------|
| 1. Nagas | A. Karnataka |
| 2. Soligas | B. Tibeto-Chinese |
| 3. Jarava | C. Assam |
| 4. Santal | D. Andaman and Nicobar |

- a) 1-C 2-A 3-D 4-B
b) 1-B 2-A 3-D 4-C
c) 1-C 2-D 3-A 4-B
d) 1-B 2-D 3-A 4-C

Answer: a

44. Who gave the concept of "Ethnocentrism"/?

- a) Auguste Comte b) W G Summer
b) Karl Marx d) Max Weber

Answer: b

45. Ethnocentrism is a/an

- a) Empathetic tendency of viewing other culture
b) Tendency of viewing issues from feminist point of view
c) Tendency of viewing issues from international point of view
d) Tendency of pledging another culture solely by the values and standards of one's own culture

Answer: d

46. Integrating international market across the geographic and political boundary so that goods, commodities, services, capital, labour and human population can move freely. It refers to

- a) Privatisation b) Industrialization
c) Urbanisation d) Globalization

Answer: d

47. Two Major pillars of Indian Society

- 1) Class system
- 2) Nuclear family
- 3) joint family
- 4) village
- a) 1-4
- b) 4-3
- c) 2-4
- d) 1-3

Answer: b

48. Religious fundamentalism is opposed to

- a) Linguism
- b) extremism
- c) Terrorism
- d) Secularism

Answer: d

49. Which one of the following are main characteristics of religious fundamentalism?

- a) Strong beliefs in sacred texts
- b) Intolerance of other religious belief system
- c) Dislike modernity
- d) All of the above

Answer: d

50. Match the following:

- | | |
|--------------------|---|
| 1. Article 17 | a) Implementation of reservation for SC/ST |
| 2. Article 15 | b) Abolishing untouchability Practice |
| 3. Article 16 (4a) | c) Reservation of vacant position for backward Classes |
| 4. Article 40 | d) Admission in private and aided institutions For SC/ST Students |
-
- | | | | |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|
| a) 1-B | 2-D | 3-C | 4-A |
| b) 1-B | 2-C | 3-D | 4-A |
| c) 1-B | 2-A | 3-C | 4-D |
| d) 1-B | 2-D | 3-A | 4-C |

Answer: b (infact the question is wrong)

51. Following are the characteristics of nuclear family

- a) Common property
- b) Common worship
- c) Small size
- d) Freedom to choose occupation

Choose the correct one

- a) a and b only
- b) b and c only
- c) b and d only
- d) all the above

Answer: c

52. Types of family based on population

Match the following

- | | |
|--------------------|---|
| 1. Nuclear Family | a. Consisting of relatives of father and mother |
| 2. Joint family | b. parents having children from their previous Marriage |
| 3. Extended Family | c. Consisting of more than two generations |

4. Blended Family d. Consisting of parents and unmarried children

- | | | | |
|---------|-----|------|-----|
| a) 1- D | 2-C | 3-A | 4-B |
| b) 1-A | 2-C | 3-B | 4-D |
| c) 1-C | 2-D | 3-A | 4-B |
| d) 1-D | 2-B | 3- C | 4-A |

Answer: a

53. Match the following

- | | |
|------------|---------------|
| a. 5K | i. Jainism |
| b. Gaya | ii. Hinduism |
| c. Basadi | iii. Buddhism |
| d. Puranas | iv. Sikhism |
-
- | | | | |
|----------|-------|------|------|
| a) a-iii | b-iv | c-i | d-ii |
| b) a-iv | b-iii | c-ii | d-i |
| c) a-iv | b-iii | c-i | d-ii |
| d) a-ii | b-iii | c-i | d-iv |

Answer: c

54. Match the following

- | | |
|--------------|---------------------|
| a. Rajpath | i. Independence Day |
| b. Redfort | ii. Rajasthan |
| c. Kumbamela | iii. Haridwar |
| d. Pushkar | iv. Republic day |

Right code

- | | | | |
|---------|-------|-------|------|
| a. a-iv | b-i | c-iii | d-ii |
| b. a-iv | b-iii | c-i | d-ii |
| c. a-i | b-iv | c-iii | d-ii |
| d. a-iv | b-ii | c-iii | d-i |

Answer: a

55. i. Rigveda, Samaveda, Atharvaveda, Yajurveda
ii. Rigveda, Yajurveda, Samaveda, Atharvaveda
iii. Samaveda, Yajurveda, Rigveda, Atharvaveda
iv. Samaveda, Yajurveda, Atharvaveda, Rigveda
- | | | | |
|------|-------|--------|-------|
| a. I | b) ii | c) iii | d) iv |
|------|-------|--------|-------|

Answer: b

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Part-A

Answer all the questions. Each question carries one mark

1. _____ is the disadvantage of joint family.
- Retarding personal growth and development
 - Social security
 - Ensuring economy of expenditure
 - Social insurance agent

Answer: a

2. _____ is an achieved status.
- Caste
 - Gender
 - Class
 - Religion

Answer: c. Class

3. Caste is an/a _____ group
- Endogamous
 - exogamous
 - quasi
 - Democratic

Answer: a) Endogamous

Means-marrying within the caste

4. Article _____ of the Indian Constitution declares "all are equal before Law"
- 15
 - 16
 - 14
 - 13

Answer: c)14

5. _____ of the people in India are living in villages
- 38%
 - 57%
 - 87%
 - 67%

Answer: d)67%

6. Which of the following was a separatist movement?
- Bhoodan Movement
 - Khalistan Movement
 - Appiko Movement
 - Narmada bachao movement

Answer: c) Khalistan Movement

7. _____ is an example of religious fundamentalism
- WWF
 - BBC
 - BCCI
 - ISIS

Answer: d) ISIS

8. Which Committee Report describes the regional disparities in Karnataka?
- Nanjundappa Committee Report
 - Havanur Committee Report
 - Chinnappa Reddy Committee Report

PART-B

Answer all the questions. Each question carries two marks. (2X15=30)

41. Match the following:

A(Thinkers)

1. G S Ghurye
2. M N Srinivas
3. Patrick Geddes
4. Nicholas Dirks

B (Contributions)

- i. India's first professor in sociology
- ii. Castes of minds (Book)
- iii. Behind the mind walks
- iv. Dominant Caste
- v. Six Characteristic of caste

a. 1-i, 2-iii, 3-iii, 4-iv

c) i-ii, 2-iii, 3- i 4-v

b. 1-v, 2-iv, 3-i, 4-ii

d) i-iv 2-v 3-iii 4-i

Answer: B

42. Ethnocentrism in extreme cases may lead to

- a. Hydrophobia b) Euphobia c) Xenophobia d) Caste Phobia

Answer: C

43. Secularism is a contrasting phenomenon of

- a. Democracy b) Socialism c. Nationalism d. Communalism

Answer: D

44. Apart from caste and class the other two forms of social stratification are

- a. Primary and secondary group
- b. Ingroup and outgroup
- c. Slavery and Estate
- d. Dian and Triad

Answer: C

45. The three striking features of Indian Society

- a. Family, Marriage and kinship
- b. Village, towns and cities
- c. Pollution, urbanisation and crime
- d. Joint family, caste system and village life

Answer: D

46. The three tiers of Panchayat Raj Institutions are

- a. Grama Panchayat, Local, Village
- b. Mega city, Zillah panchayat, Grama Panchayat
- c. Hobli, Grama Panchayat, Zillah Panchayat
- d. Grama Panchayat, Taluk Panchayat and Zillah Panchayat

Answer: D

47. The two cities of Indus Valley Civilization

- a. Harappa and Mohenjodaro
- b. Hyderabad and Secunderabad
- c. Hubballi and Dharwad
- d. Indragiri and Chandragiri

Answer: A

48. ___ and ___ are the oldest and youngest mountain ranges of India
- Western Ghats and Eastern Ghats
 - Sahyadri and Konkan
 - Aravali and Himalaya
 - Anaimudi and Rajamudi

Answer: C

49. Two factors affecting national intergration are
- Unity and diversity
 - Regionalism and communalism
 - Freedom and Human Rights
 - Primary education and Secondary Education

Answer: B

50. The parameter of globalisation is
- Reduction of Trade Barriers
 - Reduction of goods
 - Reduction in Technology
 - Reduction of Contact

Answer: A

51. The Indian Child labour activist who got Nobel Prize
- Ravindranath Tagore
 - Kailash Satyarthi(MP)
 - Amartya Sen
 - Mother Teresa

Answer: B

52. Match the following

A		B	
1. Migrations		A. Employment opportunities	
2. Industrialization		b. Urbanization Process	
3. Modernization		C. Free Market	
4. Globalization		D. Science and Technology	
		E. Social Disharmony	
a. 1-B	2-A	3-D	4-C
b. 1-C	2-B	3-A	4-D
c. 1-d	2-C	3-B	4-A
d. 1-A	2-D	3-C	4-B

Answer: A

53. Two Sects of Islam are
- Hinayana and Mahayana
 - Catholics and Protestant
 - Kamma and Naidu
 - Shia and Sunni

Answer: D

54. ___ and ___ are two important agencies of socialization
- College and Universities
 - Family and Neighbourhood
 - Central Government and State Government
 - BCCI and ICC

Answer: B

55. Match the following:

A (Religions)

1. Christianity
2. Islam
3. Sikh
4. Buddhism

B(Prophet)

- i. Guru Nanak
- ii. Gautham Buddha
- iii. Mohammed Paigamber
- iv. Jesus Chrit

- | | | | |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|
| a. 1-iv | 2-iii | 3-I | 4-ii |
| b. 1-iii | 2-I | 3-iv | 4-ii |
| c. 1-I | 2-ii | 3-iii | 4-iv |
| d. 1-ii | 2-I | 3-iv | 4-iii |

Answer: A

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Part-A

Answer all the questions. Each question carries one mark

1. Aboriginals or primitive people are also known as
a) Scheduled Caste
b) Scheduled Tribes
c) Upper castes
d) City People

Answer: b) Scheduled Tribes

2. The Chairman of State Backward Classes Commission is appointed by
a) Governor
b) Chief Minister
c) Chief Justice
d) Chief Secretary

Answer: a) Governor

3. 'National Minorities Rights Day is Celebrated on
a) 18th November
b) 18th December
c) 18th September
d) 18th October

Answer: b) 18th December

4. According to 2011 Census, the percentage of rural population in India is around
a) 85%
b) 80%
c) 60%
d) 68%

Answer: d) 68%

5. Who wrote the book- 'MaatangiDeevatige' – the first Dalit Woman's autobiography in Kannada?

- a) AnupamaNiranjan
b) H S Anupama
c) Dr.SamataDeshmane
d) KavitaLankesh

Answer: c) Dr.SamataDeshmane

6. Number of districts involved in Hyderabad-Karnataka development issue
a) 3
b) 4
c) 5
d) 6

Answer: d) 6

7. W G Summer coined the word "Ethnocentrism" in his book
a) Pathways
b) Orientalism
c) Das Capital
d) Folkways

Answer: d) Folkways

20. ___ Committee was appointed to study the regional disparity in Karnataka
- a) Mudaliar
 - b) D M Nanjundappa
 - c) Pro Bisilaiah
 - d) Chinnappa Reddy

Answer: b) D M Nanjundappa

21. Expansion of LPG is
- a) Liberalisation, Pauperisation, Globalisation
 - b) Liberalisation, Privatisation, Globalisation
 - c) Liberalism, Patriotism, Government
 - d) Liberalisation, population, Globalisation

Answer: b) Liberalisation, Privatisation, Globalisation

22. George Ritzier gave the concept of
- a) McDonaldisation
 - b) Globalisation
 - c) Liberalisation
 - d) Privatisation

Answer: McDonaldisation

23. Mono-culturalism is the practice of preserving a
- a) City culture
 - b) Village culture
 - c) National culture
 - d) Tribal Culture

Answer: d) Tribal Culture

24. An example of electronic media is
- a) Book
 - b) Magazine
 - c) Newspaper
 - d) TV

Answer: d) T V

25. Mass media shrunk the world into
- a) Global village
 - b) Town
 - c) Metropolitan City
 - d) Cosmopolitan city

Answer: a) Global Village

26. A Family with husband, wife and unmarried children is called ___ family.
- a) Joint
 - b) Extended
 - c) Nuclear
 - d) Matriarchal

Answer: c) Nuclear

27. Family is a _____ group.
- a) Primary
 - b) Secondary
 - c) Tertiary
 - d) None of the above

Answer: a) Primary

28. Caste is a _____ group
- a) Open
 - b) Free
 - c) Out
 - d) Closed

Answer: d) Closed

29. Caste is determined by
- a) Birth
 - b) Occupation
 - c) Education
 - d) Membership

Answer: a) Birth

30. The Chairman of National Commission for Backward Classes is appointed by
- a) Governor
 - b) Vice President
 - c) PM
 - d) President

Answer: d) President

31. Geographically India is the _____ largest country in the world
a) 2nd b) 4th c) 7th d) 10th

Answer: c) 7th

32. _____ Languages are officially recognised in India
a) 10 b) 15 c) 22 d) 18

Answer: c) 22

33. Indian Society is characterised by

- a) Unity in Diversity b) Mono Culture
c) Dual Citizenship d) None of the above

Answer: a) Unity in Diversity

34. The founder of the Buddhism is

- a) Gauthama Buddha b) Mahaveera
c) Mahayana d) Hinayana

Answer: a) Gauthama Buddha

35. The song "Saare Jahaan Se Achha..." is written by

- a) Mahatama Gandhi b) Muhammad Ali Jinnah
c) Noor Jahaan d) Muhammad Iqbal

Answer: d) Muhammad Iqbal

36. How many states are there in India?

- a) 22 b) 29 c) 31 d) 30

Answer: b) 29

37. On _____ India has been declared as a "Republic"

- a) 15th August 1947 b) 26th November 1950
c) 26th January 1950 d) 26th January 1952

Answer: c) 26th January 1950

38. The holy book of Sikhism is

- a) Guru Granth Sahib b) Kuran
c) Bible d) Bhagavadgita

Answer: a) Guru Granth Sahib

39. The followers of Zoroastrianism are known as

- a) Jains b) Sikhs c) Parsis d) Sindhis

Answer: c) Parsis

40. _____ is the one of the important functions of family.

- a) Immorality b) Socialisation c) Selfishness d) Alienation

Answer: c) Selfishness

PART-B

Answer all the questions. Each question carries two marks. (2X15=30)

41. Which Article of the Indian Constitution prohibits the discrimination on the grounds of religion, caste, race, sex and birth place, etc.?

- a) 14 b) 15 c) 17 d) 16

Answer: d) 16

42. Match the following:

A

1. Facebook
2. Deccan Herald
3. K.B.C
4. F M Radio

B

- i. Reality show
- ii. Electronic Media
- iii. Folk Media
- iv. Social Media
- v. Print Media

Codes:

- | | | | |
|---------|-------|-----|------|
| a) 1-iv | 2-v | 3-i | 4-ii |
| b) 1-iv | 2-iii | 3-v | 4-ii |
| c) 1-I | 2-iv | 3-v | 4-ii |
| d) 1-ii | 2-iv | 3-v | 4-i |

Answer: a) 1-iv 2-v 3-I 4-ii

43. McDonaldisation is a concept related to

- | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------|
| a) Nationalism | b) Education System |
| c) Political System | d) Fast Food restaurants |

Answer: d) Fast Food Restaurants

44. Total land area of India is

- | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|
| a) 1.3 crore sq.kmd | b) 2 crore sq.km |
| c) 32.87 sq.km | d) none of the above |

Answer: c) 32.87 sq.km

45. Thar desert is located in _____ state

- | | | | |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|----------|
| a) Karnataka | b) Tamil Nadu | c) Rajasthan | d) Bihar |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|----------|

Answer: c) Rajasthan

46. Urban population in India is

- | | | | |
|---------------|---------------|-----------|----------------------|
| a) Increasing | b) Decreasing | c) Static | d) None of the above |
|---------------|---------------|-----------|----------------------|

Answer: a) Increasing

47. _____ means marriage within the caste.

- | | | | |
|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| a) Exogamy | b) Endogamy | c) Monogamy | d) Polygamy |
|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|

Answer: b) Endogamy

48. According to 2011 census, sex ratio in India is

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| a) 846/1000 males | b) 915/1000males |
| c) 999/1000 males | d) 940/1000/Males |

Answer: d) 940/1000males

49. Cultural globalisation is also known as

- | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------|
| a) Cultural relativity | b) Cultural ethnocentrism |
| c) Cultural invasion | d) tribal culture |

Answer: c) Cultural invasion

50. India covers about _____ of the world's total land area

- | | | | |
|--------|---------|--------|--------|
| a) 25% | b) 2.4% | c) 10% | d) 15% |
|--------|---------|--------|--------|

Answer: b) 2,4%

51. Indian culture is a mixture of immigrant Aryan culture, the native ____ indigenous culture and also invading civilizations.

- a) Aryan b) Dravidian c) Mongolian d) Austroloid

Answer: a) Aryan

52. The highest Mountain peak in the world is

- a) Mount Kalash b) Kanchanjunga
c) K-2 d) Mount Everest

Answer: d) Mount Everest

53. How many Rajya Sabha seats are there in Karnataka?

- a) 12 b) 13 c) 14 d) 15

Answer: a) 12

54. Scheduled Castes, scheduled tribes, backward classes and religious minorities are ____ sections.

- a) Big b) Weaker c) strong d) None of the above

Answer: b) weaker

55. ____ is one of the forms of social stratification.

- a) Village b) tribe c) city d) class

Answer: d) Class

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Srilakshmi

9. The Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act was enacted in the year _____
a) 1996 b) 1978 c) 1986 d) 1988

Answer: c) 1986 (23rd December)

10. The process of people moving from rural areas to urban areas within a country is known as _____
a) Internal Migration c) Immigration
b) Emigration d) International Migration

Answer: a) Internal Migration

11. The southernmost tip of India is _____
a) Kanayakumari c) Indira Point
b) Saint Mary's d) None of the above

Answer: c) Indira Point

12. Ganga and Brahmaputra rivers belong to
a) Western Ghats River c) Island River
b) Deccan River d) Himalayan River

Answer: d) Himalayan River

13. Geographically India is the _____ largest country in the world.
a) 7th b) 10th c) 4th d) 2nd

Answer: a) 7th

14. Article 17 of the Indian Constitution relates to
a) Abolition of the Practice of Untouchability
b) Equality before law
c) Prevention of Sexual discrimination
d) None of the above

Answer: a) Abolition of the Practice of Untouchability

15. Who gave the concept Sanskritization?
a) G S Ghurye c) M N Srinivas
b) A R Desai d) Iravathi Karve

Answer: c) M N Srinivas

16. What is the new name given to Hyderabad-Karnataka region?
a) Madras Karnataka c) Kalyan Karnataka
b) Mumbai Karnataka d) Madhya Karnataka

Answer: c) Kalyan Karnataka

17. Plural Society Means _____
a) Co-existence of Multiple groups
b) Existence of single religious groups
c) Existence of single ethnic groups
d) None of the above

Answer: Co-existence of Multiple groups

18. "Mono-Culturalism" is the practice of preserving:
- a) Double Culture
 - b) Sub-culture
 - c) Multi Culture
 - d) Single Culture

Answer: d) Single Culture

19. The "Globalization" was introduced by:
- a) Theodore Levitt
 - b) George Ritzier
 - c) Daniel Learner
 - d) Louis Dumont

Answer: a) Theodore Levitt

20. _____ is an ascribed status.
- a) Doctor
 - b) Teacher
 - c) Lawyer
 - d) Caste

Answer: d) Caste

21. The word 'Family' is derived from the Latin word _____
- a) Famili
 - b) famulae
 - c) Famulus
 - d) Famulie

Answer: a) Famili

22. An example of Electronic Media:
- a) Newspaper
 - b) Radio
 - c) Magazine
 - d) Book

Answer: b) Radio

23. Who gave the concept of "Ethnocentrism"?
- a) Radcliff Brown
 - b) William G Sumner
 - c) Macleaver
 - d) Durkheim

Answer: b) William G Sumner

24. Soliga Tribe is found in _____ State.
- a) Orissa
 - b) Maharashtra
 - c) Uttar Pradesh
 - d) Karnataka

Answer: d) Karnataka

25. _____ denotes antagonism between different religions
- a) Nationalism
 - b) Communalism
 - c) Regionalism
 - d) Socialism

Answer: c) Regionalism

26. _____ is the original name of Buddha
- a) Siddhartha
 - b) Sambuddha
 - c) Mahaveera
 - d) Shankaracharya

Answer: a) Siddhartha

27. Who is the Chairperson of First Backward Classes Commission of Independent India?
- a) Kakasaheb Kelkar
 - b) Mandal
 - c) Havanur
 - d) Miller

Answer: a) Kakasaheb Kelkar

28. Two sects of Jainism:
- a) Protestants and Roman Catholics
 - b) Hinayana and Mahayana
 - c) Shiya and Sunni
 - d) Swethambara and Digambara

Answer: d) Swethambara and Digambara

Part-B

Answer all the questions. Each question carries two marks

41. Match the following:

	A		B	
	1. Christianity		(i) Bhagvatgeeta	
	2. Sikhism		(ii) Quran	
	3. Hinduism		(iii) Bible	
	4. Islam		(iv) Guru GranthSaheb	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
a)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
b)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
c)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
d)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)

Answer: c) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)

42. Sri Narayan Guru and Iyyankali are the two reformers from _____ State.

- a) Karnataka b) Kerala c) Tamil Nadu d) Andra Pradesh

Answer: b) Kerala

43. The two dominant caste of Karnataka are:

- a) Brahmin and Vokkliga c) SC and ST
b) Vokkaliga and Lingayat d) Brahmin and Lingyat

Answer: b) Vokkaliga and Lingayat

44. _____ is not a monotheistic religion

- a) Islam b) Christianity c) Judaism d) Hinduism

Answer: d) Hinduism

45. Who wrote the book “MaatangiDeevatige” – the first Dalit Women’s autobiography in Kannada literature?

- a) Arundhati Roy c) Madhavi Desai
b) B T Lalithanaik d) Pro. Samanta B Deshmane

Answer: d) Pro. Samanta B Deshmane

46. Urbanization refers to the growth of _____

- a) Cities b) Villages c) Tribes d) None of the above

Answer: a) Cities

47. Mohanline separates India from _____

- a) Pakistan b) Nepal c) Srilanka d) China

Answer: d) China

48. _____ is known as the “watch dog” fo the Democracy.

- a) Legislative b) Executive c) Judiciary d) mass Media

Answer: d) Mass Media

49. Magazines is an example of _____

- a) Electronic Media b) Both (a) & (b)
b) Print Media d) None of the above

Answer: b) Print Media

50. Match the following:

- | A | B |
|---------------------|------------------|
| 1) Electronic Media | (i) Wall Writing |
| 2) Print Media | (ii) Twitter |
| 3) Social Media | (iii) Internet |
| 4) Outdoor Media | (iv) Newspaper |

Codes:

- | | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
|----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| a) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) |
| b) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |
| c) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) |
| d) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) |
- Answer: b) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)**

51. Extreme Ethnocentrism may lead to _____

- a) Caste b) Xenophobia c) Euphobia d) Hydrophobia

Answer: b) Xenophobia

52. Match the following:

- | A | B |
|-----------------|------------------------|
| 1) Christianity | (i) Gurunanak |
| 2) Islam | (ii) Gautham Buddha |
| 3) Sikhism | (iii) Prophet Mohammad |
| 4) Buddhism | (iv) Jesus Christ |
| | (v) Mahaveera |

Codes:

- | | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
|----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| a) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) |
| b) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (v) |
| c) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) |
| d) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) |
- Answer: c) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)**

53. Match the following

- | A | B |
|------------------|-------------------|
| 1) Bharathnatyam | (i) Uttar Pradesh |
| 2) Kathak | (ii) Kerala |
| 3) Mohiniyattam | (iii) Karnataka |
| 4) yakshagana | (iv) Tamil Nadu |

Codes:

- | | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
|----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| a) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) |
| b) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) | (iii) |
| c) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |
| d) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) |
- Answer: d) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)**

54. J R Y Means

- a) JawharRozgarYojana
- b) Jawharlal Rule Yard
- c) Jewel Research York
- d) Jodhgar Research York

Answer: a) JawharRozgarYojana

55. Which is not a characteristics of Joint Family?

- a) More than 2 generations
- b) Common Kitchen
- c) Joint Property Holding
- d) Individual Freedom

Answer: d) Individual Freedom

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Srilakshmi V Kittur

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SOLVED QUESTION PAPER

CULTURE, DIVERSITY & SOCIETY

December 2020

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Part-A

Answer all the questions. Each question carries one mark

1. The Foreign Travellers who visited India _____
a) Megasthenes b) Fa-Hsien c) Alburni d) All of the above
Answer: d) All of the above
2. _____ Classified the India into 7 Racial types
a) Herbert Risley b) G S Ghurye c) J H Hutton d) B S Ghua
Answer: b) G S Ghurye
3. The followers of Hinduism believe in _____
a) Doctrine of Karma b) Doctrine of Dharma
c) Doctrine of Karma & Dharma c) None of the above
Answer: c) Doctrine of Karma & Dharma
4. Historian who called India a ethnological Museum
a) A R Desai b) I P Desai c) M N Srinivas d) V A Smith
Answer: d) V A Smith
5. The set of Islam are _____ and _____
a) Shia & Sunni b) Protestants & Catholics
c) Malk & Shia d) Sunni & Malk
Answer: a) Shia & Sunni
6. Majority of Muslims in India follow _____
a) Shafi School b) Hanafi School
c) Malk School d) Hanbali School
Answer: b) Hanafi School
7. The essential function of Indian family is _____
a) Production and rearing of Children b) Economic Function
c) Civil Function d) None of the above.
Answer: a) Production and rearing of Children
8. Matriarchal family means _____
a) Father is the head of the family
b) Children are the head of the family
c) Mother is the head of the family
d) None of the above
Answer: c) Mother is the head of the family

d) None of the above

Answer: a) Victims of Communal riots and abuse

19. The Characteristics of village community is ____

- a) Predominance of Primary relationships
- b) Predominance of Secondary relationships
- c) Predominance of Heterogeneity
- d) None of the above

Answer: Predominance of Heterogeneity

20. Who called Indian villages as “Little Republics”

- a) A R Desai
- b) M N Srinivas
- c) Charles MetCaf
- d) None of the above

Answer: c) Charles MetCalfe

21. The Agriculture problems of Indian Village are _____

- a) Old method of cultivation
- b) Small land holdings
- b) Gamble with monsoon
- d) All of the above

Answer: d) All of the above

22. Rural-Urban migration according to Sociologist is because of _____

- a) Push Factor
- b) Pull Factor
- c) Both Push –Pull factor
- d) None of the above

Answer: c) Both Push and pull factor

23. Gender discrimination implies _____

- a) One sex is superior to another
- b) Superiority reflected in language, law and right to sex
- c) Some sort of hate redness to other sex
- d) All of the above

Answer; d) All of the above

24. The Government of India declared _____ year as “Year of Women Empowerment”

- a) 2000
- b)2001
- c) 2002
- d) 2003

Answer; a) 2000

25. _____ Guidelines laid the foundation for sexual harassment of women at workplace (Prevention, prohibition and redressal) 2013

- a) Jagari
- b) Vishaka
- c) Kali
- d) none of the above

Answer: b) Vishaka

26. Identify the role of NGO in Women’s Empowerment.

- a) They do not provide information of political institutions
- b) They make tough rules and regulation
- c) Encourage women to develop decision making skill
- d) None of the above

Answer: c) Encourage women to develop decision making skill

27. Communalism is a great threat to _____ State

- a) Religious
- b) Caste
- c) Communist
- d) Secular

Answer: Secular

28. Fundamentalists reject _____
- a) political Pluralist
 - b) Religious Pluralist
 - c) Economic Pluralist
 - d) None of the above

Answer: Religious Pluralist

29. The Cause of Regionalism in India are _____
- a) Geographical factors
 - b) Political and Administrative factors
 - c) Historical and Cultural factors
 - d) All of the above

Answer; All of the above

30. Ethnocentrism may lead to _____
- a) Xenophobia
 - b) Hydrophobia
 - c) Aerophobia
 - d) Auto phobia

Answer: a) Xenophobia

31. Mono-culturalism is a practice of preserving _____
- a) Village Culture
 - b) Urban Culture
 - c) Tribal Culture
 - d) National Culture

Answer: d) National Culture

32. McDonaldisation is a principle related to _____
- a) Fast food Restaurants
 - b) Veg restaurant
 - b) Bar Restaurant
 - d) None of the above

Answer; a) Fact food Restaurants

33. _____ denotes antagonism between different religions
- a) Nationalism
 - b) Communalism
 - C) Regionalism
 - d) Socialism

Answer: Regionalism

34. _____ is known as watch dog of democracy
- a) Executive
 - b) Judiciary
 - c) Legislative
 - d) Mass Media

Answer: d) Mass Media

35. The process of moving of people from Rural areas to Urban areas within the country is known as _____
- a) Emigration
 - b) Immigration
 - c) Internal Migration
 - d) International Migration

Answer: c) Internal Migration

36. National Child Labour projects provides _____ to children between the age group of 9-14 years
- a) Vocational training and stipend
 - b) Bridge education
 - b) Midday meals
 - d) All of the above

Answer: d) All of the above

37. The Bonded Labour System (Abolition Act) was passed in the Year
- a) 1976
 - b) 1876
 - c) 1961
 - d) 1861

Answer; a) 1976

38. New Media includes _____

- a) Film, radio and Mobile phone
- b) Satellite computer, electronic media and internet
- c) Radio, Television and Pagers
- d) Internet, Radio and Pagers

Answer: b) Satellite Computer, electronic media and internet

39. Media is our _____ for selecting, gathering, storing and passing the knowledge

- a) Cultural device
- b) Political device
- C) Economic Device
- d) None of the above

Answer: d) None of the above

40. Plural society means _____

- a) Existence of single ethnic group
- b) Existence of single religious group
- c) Co- existence of Multiple Social group
- d) None of the above

Answer: Co-Existence of Multiple social group

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