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III Semester M.Com. (Regular) Degree Examination, March/April - 2025 COMMERCE (Elective)

Intellectual Property Rights

(CBCS Scheme)

Paper: 3.1

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

SECTION-A

Answer any **Seven** questions out of **Ten**. Each question carries **Two** marks. $(7 \times 2 = 14)$

- 1. a) Expand TRIPS and WIPO.
 - b) What is Geographical Indication?
 - c) What is a Trade Secret? Give an example.
 - d) Mention any two features of National IPR Policy.
 - e) Give the meaning of infringement.
 - f) What are Related Rights?
 - g) State any two benefits of certification marks.
 - h) Write any two differences between Plant variety and Layout Design protection.
 - i) What all can be registered as trade mark?
 - j) State any two Rights of Patentee.

SECTION-B

Answer any Four questions out of Six. Each question carries Five marks. $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

- **2.** Explain in brief the procedure for the restoration of Lapsed Patents.
- 3. What are the rights granted under copyright law?
- **4.** Define IP and explain the nature of IP.

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- 5. Describe the different types of Trade Marks with example
- 6. Explain the effect and terms of protection of Geographical Indicators
- Explain the functions of office of the controller General of Patents, Designs and Trade marks.

SECTION - C

Answer any Two questions out of Four. Each question carries Twelve marks (2×12-24)

- Explain the various conventions, treaties and agreements relating to IPRs.
- Discuss the process of Intellectual Property registration in India and highlight its importance in today's business.
- Explain the preventive measures and legal remedies available for infringement of Patents in India.
- 11. Write a note on:
 - a) Trade marks registry and appellate board.
 - b) Rights of holder of trade marks.

SECTION - D

Answer the following question.

 $(1 \times 12 = 12)$

- 12. Coca-Cola has a registered trademark for their famous glass bottle. In the Statement of Claim dated 14 October 2010, Coca-Cola has filed a \$1 billion action against Pepsi for using a glass bottle, which is allegedly confusing because it is so similar to Coca-Cola's iconic glass bottle citing interference with their intellectual property rights. The court compared the two bottles, without their respective logos, and decided whether there is a strong likelihood that consumers will confuse the Coca-Cola bottle with the Pepsi bottle.
 - a) What is trademark infringement?
 - b) Who has infringed whose right?
 - c) What are the rights and remedies available to the affected party?